

2) 3-23 Compute the oscillation frequencies, periods and amplitude after 2 periods (as a fraction of A_0) for the circuit shown for $L = 0.01$ H, $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$, and $R = 10 \Omega$.

$$\begin{aligned} L &= 0.01 \text{ H} \\ C &= 10.0 \mu\text{F} = 0.00001 \text{ F} \\ R &= 10.0 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_N &= \sqrt{1/CL} = 3162.2777 \text{ s}^{-1} \\ \nu_N &= \omega_N/2\pi = 503.29 \text{ Hz} \\ \tau_N &= 1/\nu_N = 1.987\text{E-}03 \text{ s} \\ \beta &= R/2L = 500 \text{ s}^{-1} \\ \omega_S &= \sqrt{[(\omega_N)^2 - \beta^2]} = 3122.499 \text{ s}^{-1} \\ \nu_S &= \omega_S/2\pi = 496.96 \\ \tau_S &= 1/\nu_S = 2.012\text{E-}03 \end{aligned}$$

$$2*\beta*\tau_S = 2.01$$

$$A(2\tau_S) = A_0 e^{-2\beta\tau_S} = 0.1336902 A_0$$

$$x(t) = e^{-500t} \text{Cos}(3122.5 t)$$

